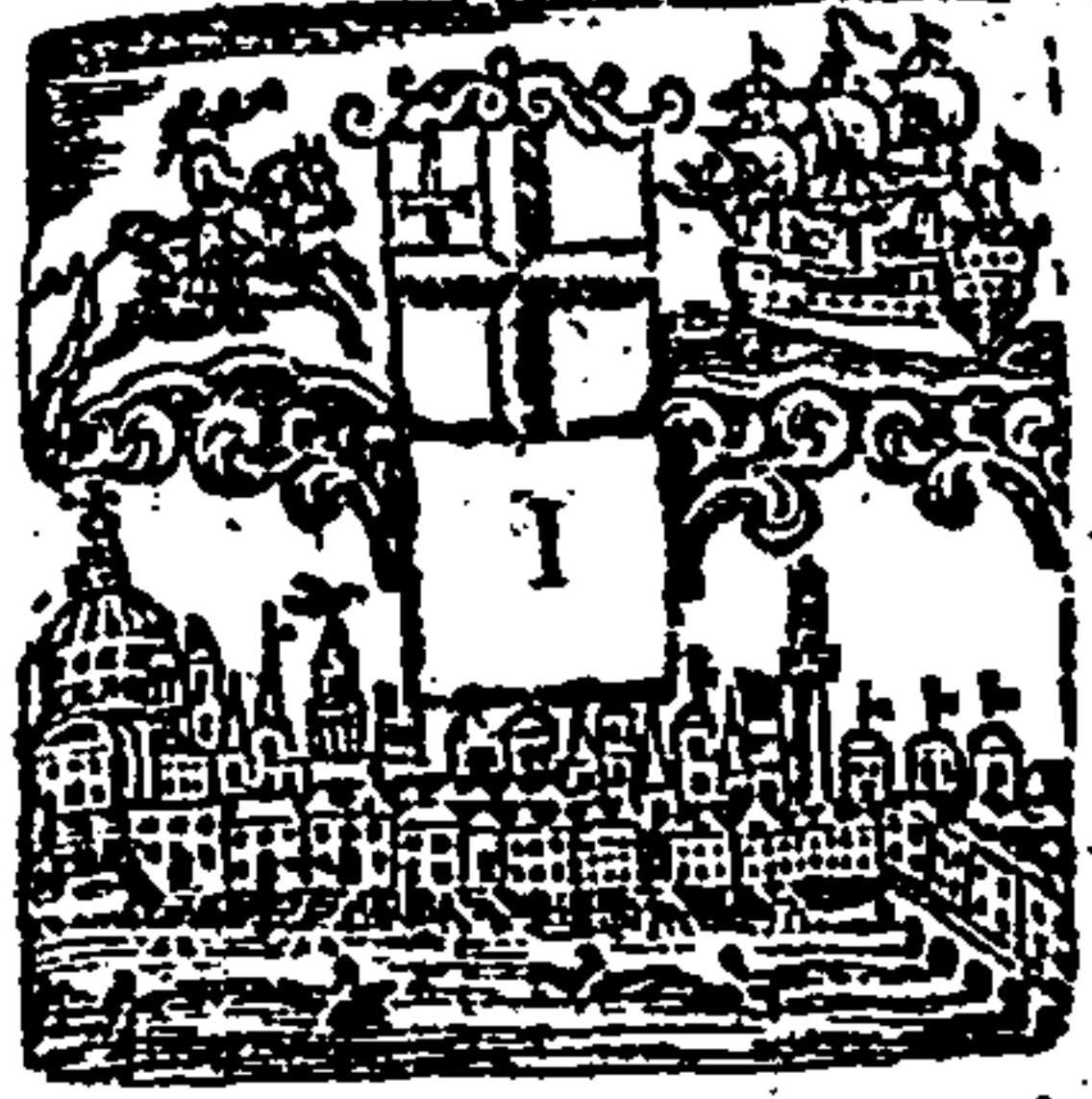


From THURSDAY MARCH 28, to SATURDAY MARCH 30, 1765.

[Price Two-pence Half-penny]

Warsaw, March 6.



Court of Berlin; and therefore, that the intended new duties upon goods brought into the kingdom will not take place.

M. Benoit, his Prussian Majesty's Resident here, has presented a memorial to the ministry upon this subject, in which great complaints are made of the difficulties that are made in Poland against granting passports for the horses which the King of Prussia buys in that country; and sets forth that such refusal is not only contrary to what has always been observed between Poland and the house of Brandebourg, but also to the general behaviour of the powers of Europe towards each other: And concludes with the minister's protest against all innovations, and declaring that if a stop is not put to them, the King his master will probably take some measures very disagreeable to the Polish nation.

Copenhagen, March 8. The King has published an ordonnance forbidding either first or second Lieutenants in the cavalry or infantry to marry, unless they can prove that independant of their pay, they have a clear yearly revenue of 150 crowns.

Leghorn, Feb. 25. The King of England has declared to our Regency, as well as to that of Genoa, that he is resolved to protect all such of his subjects as sent corn hither and to Genoa during the late scarcity in Italy, for which they have not yet been paid; and that his Majesty requires for them not only the price of the grain, but likewise the interest on the money unjustly detained, till the day of his present declaration.

Montpellier, Feb. 28. We hear that two Norman Gentlemen and several Huntsmen from the same province are arrived at St. Chely, in the diocese of Mendes, having with them a number of large Danish dogs, with which they intend soon to give chase to the wild beast.

Paris, March 15. By some letters in town from some of the King's troops in Corsica, it should seem that, unless some sudden change happen, which no human prudence can foresee, it is in vain for the Senate of Genoa ever to expect to reduce those islands to their subjection.

Paris, March 11. All our advices from the sea ports agree, that the increase of trade since the peace exceeds every body's expectations.

LONDON

Thursday her Majesty came to St. James's; after which there was a drawing-room at Court.

On Saturday last the Earl of Donnegal, and his Lady, who have for some time been in a bad state of health, set out with a grand retinue from his house in St. James's square for Bath, for the recovery of their health.

It is confidently reported, that the Earl of Hertford will be recalled, as his Majesty's Ambassador at Paris, and appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, in the room of the Earl of Northumberland.

His Excellency the Earl of Buckinghamshire arrived on Wednesday last at Harwich, from his Embassy at the Court of Russia.

They write from Vienna, that at the request of that Court, the Infanta of Spain, Archduke Leopold's intended consort, is to be escorted by eight men of war, and several frigates, to Genoa, from whence she is to travel by land to Inspruk, where they are to be married.

They write from Berlin, of the 6th inst. that by letters from Konigsberg they had an account (which engrossed there the conversation of the public) of a wonderful Prophet of Podolia, with his son about nine years old, who have traversed most parts of Poland and Prussia, and were on the road for that metropolis. They are clothed with skins, and live upon milk, butter, and honey.

Extra of a letter from an Officer in the Camp near Madura, dated Oct. 15, 1764.

"The 13th inst. in the evening, at eight, a flag of truce was sent from the fort, with a French officer, who, being received at one of our posts, said he had particular business with Major Campbell, Commander in Chief, and that two Blacks he had brought with him had also business with the Nabob. When he arrived at the head quarters, he

produced a letter from Mons. Marchand, Commander of a few French troops which have been all this while in Isouf Caun's service, informing, that he had, with the advice and consent of the greatest part of the Black troops, arrested Isouf Caun that evening at five o'clock; demanded pardon for his own troops, and that he was ready to give up Madura and Isouf Caun. These terms were readily granted him, and the Nabob agreed with the Blacks upon the same conditions, and to pay them the arrears due to them. Yesterday we marched in our troops, and took possession of the fort, with joy in the countenances of the resigners, both Black and White. Isouf Caun was sent out and delivered to the Nabob, who ordered him to camp; and to-day he was to be hanged in front of the lines. — So much for French Faith."

Letters from Brightwellton, mention that part of a wreck had been drove ashore on that coast, with several anchors and half-anchors of brandy, from whence it is supposed that some smuggling vessel had been cast away, and all the crew perished.

A Dutch ship, Martin de Boer, from Bourdeaux for Rotterdam, is lost near Schouwen on the coast of Holland, and all the crew perished.

The St. Peter, Capt. Keyser, from hence for Bremen, found on her passage that the buoys had been blown away at the mouth of the Weser in a late storm, which forced him to put into the river Ja, near the said river.

The ship lost near Helingsforde, laden with Russia productions, proves to be a ship from Petersburg for Sterrin, Ernest Ottenrich, master; the crew were all drowned.

The Tyger, Clarke, from Jamaica for London, struck on one of the Bahama Islands on the 24th of January, by which accident the ship, cargo, and some of the people were lost.

The ships fitted out in the port of London for the Greenland fishery, are all preparing to fail on their voyages; The Rising Sun, Capt. Chambers, fell down for Gravesend on Tuesday.

We hear that the allowance of three per cent. bounty on fifty shillings per ton, to the Society of the Free British Fishery, will be farther continued for four years, after the expiration of the present term of 17 years.

Thursday was held the anniversary feast of the Governors of the London hospital, in Mile-End road; when a sermon was preached on that occasion, at St. Lawrence's church, near Guildhall, by the Right Rev. Dr. Squire, Lord Bishop of St. David's, at which were present, the Duke of York, President, escorted by a party of horseguards, accompanied by the Marquis of Granby, and others. From church the Governors went to Merchant-Taylor's hall to dinner, where a very considerable collection was made. His Royal Highness did not dine, but drank chocolate there, and withdrew. His Highness gave 100l. and the Marquis of Granby 50l.

Lord Keimney has subscribed 100l. towards a building for the patriotic Society in the Strand.

Thursday was held a General Court at Christ's hospital, when the six gentlemen appointed Governors of that Charity the 7th inst. attended and took their charge. John Henniker, Esq; gave a benefaction of 100l. and William Nash and William Hallett, Esqrs 50l. each. The following gentlemen were nominated and approved of as Governors, and it was ordered to be sent them, viz. Clement Tudway, Esq; nominated by Thomas Prowse, Esq; Henry Handley Norris, Esq; by Henry Norris, Esq; Mark Weyland, Esq; by Mr. Josiah Colebrooke; Francis Hurt, Esq; by William Sitwell, Esq; Thomas Coventry, Esq; by William Sotheby, Esq; Vanstuart Hudson, Esq; by Samuel Salt, Esq; Henry Stephenson, Esq; by John Stephenson, Esq; and Robert Britton, Esq; by Edward Jennings, Esq; After which many children were presented and admitted into the hospital.

Thursday the Clergy of the city met at Sion College, when it was resolved, that the plan for the support of Clergymen's widows should be laid before the Lord Bishop of London, for his Lordship's approbation, and that he should be requested to become their President.

His Majesty has appointed Gabriel Maturin, Esq; to be Captain of a Company in the 35th regiment, commanded by General Orway, in the room of Capt. Ormsby, deceased.

Charles Horne, Esq; is appointed Captain of a company in the 25th regiment, commanded by Lord George Lenox, in the room of Captain Alexander Dunn, deceased.

On Monday died, at her house in St.

Giles's in the Fields, Grace Murphey, aged 81, who within a few years had acquired near 1500l. by letting out lodgings to poor people, and furnishing market folks with money, at the interest of a halfpenny a day for a shilling.

Tuesday died Mr. Thomas Higgins, Merchant, in Tooley-street, Southwark.

Thursday morning died, at his house in Queen-street, Cheapside, after a long illness, Mr. Wood, a Scale maker of considerable business.

Same day in the afternoon died, of the small-pox, at her father's house in St. James's-street, Miss Lincoln, daughter of Mr. Lincoln, who keeps a noted tavern in the aforesaid street.

Thursday died, at his house in St. Ann's-lane, Mr. Shortland, master of the school of the St. Ann's Society.

On Saturday last died Mr. Charles Townshend, Cook, at the Whim in Chelsea.

Sunday night the house of Mr. Solomons, in Houndsditch, was robbed of cash to the amount of 22l. by a person or persons unknown.

The fellows that stole the two bags of dollars out of the Bullion-office at the East-India-house, hid themselves in a warehouse adjoining thereto on Saturday afternoon, and there continued till Tuesday morning: they had left a third bag behind an old door, in order, as it is supposed, to return and carry it off; but there being an alarm soon after the warehouse door of the room, thro' which these fellows broke to get into the Bullion-office, was opened, they did not return. These fellows broke through a brick wall above two feet thick, and destroyed five chests of tea that stood against the wall in the above room, before they could come at the dollars.

ARTICLES of INTELLIGENCE, &c. from the POSTSCRIPTS of all the Evening Papers of last Thursday.

The Courts of Versailles and Madrid (say letters from Paris) have agreed to equip, as soon as possible, a combined squadron to destroy the port and fortifications lately erected in the life of Mogador on the coast of Africa. This squadron is to be composed of ten or twelve ships, will have on board two or three battalions of marines, and is to be commanded by the Sieur du Chatelet, Chef d'Escadre Francoise.

Wednesday a Right Hon. person, who so eminently presides at the first board of the kingdom, laid the state of the nation before an august assembly, in such a manner as met with the highest approbation.

They write from New York, that his Excellency General Gage had in council strongly recommended the building a fort near the forks of the river Muskingham in the center of the Delaware and Shawanese towns, as the surest means to keep those nations in awe; and that the same would be carried into execution this summer.

It is expected the act for taking off the duties on the importation of Irish woollen and bay yarn, will soon be repealed; a report having been made to parliament, that the quantities from that kingdom, have of late greatly decreased.

We are informed Mr. Harrison will have one moiety of the reward offered by act of parliament for the discovery of the longitude, as soon as the principles upon which his Time-keeper is constructed, are fully discovered and explained; and he hath assigned over the property of it to the Commissioners of the Longitude, for the use of the public.

We hear that the Merchants of Chester and Liverpool, are fitting out several ships, in order to try their success the ensuing season, in the whale fishery; and that several skilful Harpooners are engaged by them for that purpose.

By the mails we have an account of the overflowing and extension of the cavity in the earth, which was some since formed by an earthquake near the Upper Elbe, with which it has a communication; and it is remarkable, that the water that flows from this place, is of a variety of uncommon colours, and of a particular taste and smell. It is said the professors of physic at Leyden are going to try some experiments with it.

AT a General Court, being a numerous Meeting of the Governors of the Hospitals for the SMALL POX and INOCULATION, held at Haberdashers Hall, on Wednesday the 27th of March, 1765.

"It was unanimously Resolved, That it is the Opinion of this General Court, that the Building of the Hospital for Preparation, already commenced, be continued to be carried on; and that it be published in the London Gazette, and all the Daily and Evening Papers, to assure the public, that the said Building is intended for a House of Preparation only, and not for Patients with the Small Pox."

Signed by Order of the Court.
ROB. REYNOLDS, Sec.

SONS of the CLERGY.

THE Rehearsal of the Music for the Feast of the Sons of the Clergy will be at St. Paul's Cathedral on Wednesday the 29th and the Feast at Merchant-taylor's Hall on Thursday the 30th of May.

S T E W A R D S.
Earl Gower Rev. Newson Ogle, Canon of Sarum, D. D.
Lord Bishop of Landaff Rev. Wm Powell, L. L. D.
Lord R. of Northampton Rev. Francis Heisterloocke, L. L. B.
Sir George Pigo, Bart. L. L. B.
Sir Francis Gollin, Knt. Jan. Calvert, Esq;
Chanc. Oxon Charles Eyre, Esq;
Rev. Daz. Burton, D. D. Robert Serjeant, Esq;
Chanc. Oxon

The Music will consist of Mr. Handel's Overture in Esther, his new Te Deum and Jubilate, an Anthem composed by Dr. Bayce for this purpose; and the whole will conclude with Mr. Handel's grand Coronation Anthem.
(Tickets for the Feast to be had at the Queen's-arms Tavern, St. Paul's Church-yard.)

VICTUALLING OFFICE,

March 29, 1765.

IT appearing by the Accounts received by the Right Hon. the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury from the Office of the Treasurer of his Majesty's Navy, that the Bills payable in the Course of the Navy, Victualling Offices, or for Transports, which were brought on or before the 26th of this Instant March to the said Office, pursuant to the Resolution of the Honourable the House of Commons, do not amount to the Sum of 1,500,000l. And their Lordships having been pleased to direct Notice to be given, that pursuant to the said Resolution all Persons possessed of Certificates, which have been granted for the fractional Parts of such Bills, or of Victualling Bills, which were made out on or before the 30th Day of June 1764, and do not amount, together with the Interests thereupon computed to the 6th Day of April next, to 100l. may on or before the 5th Day of April next, after having had the Interest upon such Bills marked, in such Manner as is mentioned in the said Resolution, bring the same to the Office of the Treasurer of his Majesty's Navy, and shall have in Exchange for the same from such Treasurer, or his Paymaster, or Cashier, a Certificate to the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for the Sums contained in such Certificates, and for the Amount of the Principal and Interest of which such Bills shall consist, and upon delivery thereof, and Payment of so much Money to the said Governor and Company, as shall, with the Sums so certified, amount to 100l. shall be entitled to the Annuities and Advantages mentioned in said Resolution.

The Commissioners for Victualling his Majesty's Navy, do hereby give Notice thereof, accordingly, and that all Persons possessed of Victualling Bills made out as aforesaid, upon bringing the same to this Office, will have the Interest due thereon, computed and marked in order to their being carried to the Treasurers Office in Broad Street.

For SALE,
By Order of the Hon. Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs, (in Pursuance of an Act of Parliament of the Third of his present Majesty)

On Tuesday the 16th, Wednesday the 17th, Thursday the 18th, and Friday the 19th; and in the following Week, Monday the 22d, Wednesday the 24th, and Thursday the 25th of April, 1765, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon of the said Days, will be put up to Sale, in the Long Room in the Custom-house, London,

THE following Goods, which are allotted in small Quantities, for the better Accommodation of the several Dealers, as well as private Persons, who chuse to become Purchasers in those Commodities, viz.

To be EXPORTED.
Cambricks or French Lawns, Cambrick Ruffles and Hosons worked with Thread, Flowered Cambrick Aprons and Handkerchiefs, Brocaded Satins and Silk, and Quilted Petticoats, Silk Handkerchiefs, and sundry other Silk Manufactures, and Variety of East India prohibited Goods.

For HOME CONSUMPTION.
Several Parcels of Bohemian and Green Tea, Coffee raw and roasted, Chocolate, sundry Kinds of Muslin, Muslin Handkerchiefs, Neckcloths, Handkerchiefs and Ruffles worked with Thread, Nankin Cloth, several Sorts of Linnen, Hosiery or Hosiery Lace, Bone Lace, Mens laced Ruffs and Bosoms, Leather Gloves, Silk Mitts, Silk Stockings, Sewing Silk, Dutch Tapes, Sifters Thread, Black Pins, Fans, Snuff-Boxes, Ermine Skins, and other Fans, Wax and Sperma Ceti Candles, Polishd Chrysal, Cornelian and Mecha Stones, different Sorts of Stones set in Gold and Silver for Ear-rings, &c. Swprds mounted, and Sword Blades, Necklaces, Lacquered Ware, Morter of Pearl, Quadrille Boxes, 11th Counters and Beads, Rough and Cut Garnets, Walking Canes, Sagoe, Pinchions, Rice, Rhubarb, Spanish Liquorice, Fire Arms (Gold and Silver Lace and Apparel to be burn'd) China Ware, Wine in Casks and Bottles, British Compound, Soy, Tanmarinds, Green Ginger, Preferved Oranges, Grocery of different Kinds, Red Feathers, Old Iron, Olive Oil, a Ship's Boat and other Boats, with Furniture, Deals, Gun Flints, Wool, Wool Flocks, Woollen Thrums, Worsted, Yarn, and Tobacco Pipes, and several Sorts of other Goods, as will be mentioned in the Catalogue.

The Goods to be seen or tasted at the Custom-house at the Custom House, London, and in the Tobacco Ground Rotterdam, the 29th and 30th Days of April next, from Nine o'Clock in the Mornings, and on the Days of Sale.

N. B. The Tea to be seen in the Afternoon of the said Days only.